## Destruction and neutron capture cross sections with a high spin K-isomeric target of $^{177m}\mathrm{Lu}$

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High spin K isomeric targets are very interesting to study the induced decay of nuclear states. The techniques used to produce a  $^{177m}$ Lu (23/2-) target consist of an isotopic separation, an irradiation and a chemical separation. The huge neutron flux ( $1.8\times10^{15}$  n cm<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) of the Grenoble ILL reactor was used to produce the Lu isomer by the  $^{176}$ Lu(n, $\gamma$ ) reaction. Thanks to this experiment, we were able to estimate the destruction cross section of the  $^{177m}$ Lu for the first time. This cross section was also measured directly with the target of  $^{177m}$ Lu. Neutron capture cross section measurements were achieved at the reactor (Saclay) and at the ILL reactor. These measurements allow to evaluate the  $^{177m}$ Lu isomer super-elastic scattering cross section. The results of these experiments will be shown in this talk.

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